## MODEL DSM. 506

## OPERATIONS \& MAINTENANCE MANUAL



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## SECTION 1

## INTRODUCTION

The Model DSM-506 is a portable microprocessor based digital scaler/ratemeter with an internal GM detector and one external probe connector designed for use with scintillation, GM (Geiger-Mueller) and proportional type detectors for measuring ionizing radiation. The digital display has a 0.75 " tall four-digit Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) with moving decimal point. A five-position switch labeled OFF / External Probe / Scaler / Internal Probe / Scaler is used to select the desired operating mode.

Switch selectable display units are represented in R/hr, Sv/hr, cpm, or cps with multipliers of micro ( $\mu$ ) or milli $(\mathrm{m})$ for $\mathrm{R} / \mathrm{hr}$ and $\mathrm{Sv} / \mathrm{hr}$ and kilo (k) for cpm or cps. The display units are auto ranging allowing the readout to display a broad range of radiation levels.

The instrument has an external input that can be calibrated with Dead Time Compensation (DTC) in both Count and Dose rate modes of operation. An external toggle switch labeled Count/Dose allows the instrument user to switch calibrated modes of operation just by toggling the switch to the desired mode Count or Dose. Each input has its own adjustable HV power supply adjustable from 300-1300 vdc.

The instrument incorporates independent adjustable alarms for the "Ratemeter" and "Scaler" operating modes. A speaker produces a loud audible tone and a visual alarm is indicated on the LCD display for all activated alarms. All operating audible alarms can be temporarily disabled by toggling the ZERO switch.

The instrument is powered by six standard "AA" cell batteries. Durability is enhanced by heavy duty cast aluminum construction and the direct connection of the industrial type printed circuit boards.

## SECTION 2

## SPECIFICATIONS APPLY TO EACH PROBE

| INPUT SENSITIVITY | 0.050 vp-p |
| :---: | :---: |
| PROBE LINEARIZATION | Internal Adjustments for Calibration and Dead Time |
| INTERNAL PROBE RANGE | $0.01 \mathrm{mR} / \mathrm{hr}$ - $2000 \mathrm{mR} / \mathrm{hr}, 0-999.9 \mathrm{kcpm} .0-999.9 \mathrm{cps}$ |
| EXTERNAL PROBE RANGE | 0-999.9 R/hr, 0 - $999.9 \mathrm{kcpm} .0-999.9 \mathrm{cps}, 0-9.99 \mathrm{~Sv} / \mathrm{hr}$ |
| COUNT TIME | 0-2550 SECONDS IN 10 SECOND INCREMENTS |
| RANGE ADJUSTMENT | AUTO RANGING |
| ELECTRICAL LINEARITY | $\pm 5 \%$ OF FULL SCALE |
| RESPONSE TIME FULL SCALE | FAST $=10-250$ SEC. SLOW $=10-250$ SEC. |
| DRIFT | LESS THAN 5\% |
| TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT | LESS THAN 0.2\%/ DEGREE C |
| SEPARATE HIGH VOLTAGE | ADJUSTABLE-300-1300 VDC REGULATION $\pm 1 \%$ |
| LOW VOLTAGE | +5 VDC \& -5 VDC REGULATION $\pm 0.5 \%$ |
| BATTERY | 6-"AA" ALKALINE |
| BATTERY OPERATION | 200 HRS NOMINAL |
| LCD READOUT | 4 DIGIT .75" (19mm) TALL |
| LCD BACKLIGHT | 30 SECONDS PER ACTIVATION FRONT PANEL "BACKLIGHT SWITCH" |
| TEMPERATURE RANGE | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ TO $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| HUMIDITY RANGE | 5-95\% NON CONDENSING |
| DIMENSIONS | 5.25 " (14 cm) H x 4" 10 cm ) W x 7 " ( 18 cm ) L |
| WEIGHT | 3 POUNDS INCLUDING BATTERIES |
| HOUSING | 16 Ga. ALUMINUM WITH HEAVY DUTY CARRYING HANDLE |
| HOUSING FINISH | LIGHT GRAY \& DARK GRAY CATALYZED POLYURETHANE |
| CALIBRATION SECURITY | TOP AND BOTTOM ARE LATCHED TOGETHER |

## SECTION 3

## OPERATING CONTROLS \& INDICATORS

## SELECTOR SWITCH POSITION

OFF
EXTERNAL PROBE

INTERNAL PROBE

SCALER

## FUNCTION

ALL POWER DISCONNECTED TO THE INSTRUMENT
NORMAL OPERATING RATEMETER MODE - COUNT OR DOSE (BASED ON Cs ${ }^{137}$ CALIBRATION) EXTERNAL PROBE

NORMAL OPERATING RATEMETER MODE - COUNT OR DOSE (BASED ON Cs ${ }^{137}$ CALIBRATION) EXTERNAL PROBE

TIMED COUNT (SCALER) MODE FOR EXTERNAL PROBE

## DOSE /COUNT TOGGLE SWITCH

Selects the operating mode of the ratemeter to measure in either CPM (cps) or DOSE (R/hr or $\mathrm{Sv} / \mathrm{hr}$ ). Probe response is automatically displayed in the correct (micro, milli or $\mathrm{R} / \mathrm{hr}$ or sieverts) when DOSE mode for the connected probe is selected on the COUNT/DOSE SELECTION SWITCH. Operation in the COUNT mode will display CPM (cps) for the connected probe.

## SPEAKER/ZERO TOGGLE SWITCH

Switch is momentary toggle switch with the center neutral. Momentary operation in speaker direction turns speaker on or off. Momentary operation in zero direction instantly disables the AUDIBLE OPERATIONS ALARM. THE AUDIBLE ALARM WILL REMAIN DISABLED UNTIL THE SIGNAL FALLS BELOW THE SETPOINT AT WHICH TIME THE ALARM CIRCUIT WILL RETURN TO NORMAL OPERATION. OPERATION OF THE SWITCH IN THE ZERO DIRECTION FOR AT LEAST 3 SECONDS WILL ZERO THE INDICATION ON THE LCD.

## DATA/BACKLIGHT TOGGLE SWITCH

Switch is momentary toggle switch with the center neutral. Momentary operation in the BACKLIGHT direction will light the LCD BACKLIGHT FOR 30 seconds. BACKLIGHT switch can be operated at the end of each 30 second cycle for another 30 second period for as long as necessary. Continued operation of the BACKLIGHT will greatly reduce the instruments battery life.

## PROBE CONNECTOR FRONT PANEL

BNC receptacle for the EXTERNAL PROBE INPUT.

## SECTION 4

## OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

## BEFORE OPERATION

The DSM-506 HIGH VOLTAGE and GAIN are adjusted to the operating characteristics of the probes supplied with the meter. IF THE DSM-506 IS PURCHASED WITHOUT A PROBE IT WILL NOT BE CALIBRATED AND WILL HAVE THE FACTORY DEFAULT SETTINGS FOR THE EXTERNAL PROBE INPUT. The GAIN (input sensitivity) is adjusted to $0.050 \mathrm{v}-\mathrm{pp}$. with an input sensitivity of 0.050 vp -p. These high voltage and gain settings are satisfactory for operation with the many probes but can produce large errors if the DSM-506 is not calibrated with the probe attached to the system. Refer to the MAINTENANCE SECTION for High Voltage adjustment procedure and calibration of the system. Be sure the R/Sv and the CPM/CPS switch is set to the proper units before calibrating the system. FIGURE 4 shows the location of the switch on the LCD pc board.

NO OTHER CHECKS ARE NECESSARY PRIOR TO OPERATING THE DSM-500 EXCEPT TO OBSERVE THE DIAGNOSTIC INDICATORS IN THE LCD DISPLAY WHEN THE UNIT IS FIRST TURNED ON. The internal microprocessor analyzes the internal parameters for a few seconds when the instrument is first turned on and during the instruments operation. All range, battery and probe diagnostic are turn on momentarily during start-up to show they are working. The display then reverts to NORMAL operation. The diagnostic circuits connected to the BATT \& PROBE indicators continuously monitor the Circuitry for out of range operation. Battery voltage below 6.8 vdc will light the BATT Symbol on the LCD. SATURATION of a GM detector in high radiation fields will light the FAULT light. Exceeding the normal operating range of a probe in the DOSE mode will result in an audible beep every few seconds until the radiation field is reduced within the operating limits for the probe.

## INSTRUMENT OPERATION - RATEMETER

NOTE: THE DSM-506 HAS TWO MEASURING SYSTEM (DETECTORS). ONCE CALIBRATED OPERATION IS COMPLETEY AUTOMATIC AND ONLY REQUIRES THE CORRECT MAIN SELECTOR SWITCH POSITION

The EXTERNALPROBE must be connected to the PROBE BNC receptacle.
NOTE: FAILURE TO CONNECT THE PROBE CORRECTLY WILL INVALIDATE THE CALIBRATION.

Adjust the MAIN SELECTOR switch to External Probe or Internal Probe for normal rate meter type operation.

Depress the SPEAKER/ZERO towards SPEAKER if an audible "tick" for each input pulse is desired (to turn of the "tick" depress the switch again towards SPEAKER).

Select the mode of operation COUNT or DOSE (Based on Cs ${ }^{137}$ calibration) with the COUNT/DOSE MODE SWITCH. DOSE includes linearization \& DEAD TIME for the probe. Both corrections are automatically incorporated in the calibration procedure for each probe.

## NOTE: ALL PROBES USING GM DETECTORS CAN BE DOSE CALIBRATED REFERENCED TO Cs137. ONLY SOME OF THE PROBES USING SCINTILLATION DETECTORS CAN BE DOSE CALIBRATED, PRIMARILY FOR MICRO R MEASURMENTS. MOST SCINTILLATION PROBES MUST BE OPERATED IN THE CPM OR COUNT MODE IF THEY ARE NOT DOSE CALIBRATED.

The LCD READOUT can display the probe signals in CPM, CPS, ROETGEN AND SEIVERTS. When calibrating the system the decision to operate in CPM or CPS and ROETGEN OR SEIVERTS MUST BE MADE AND THE APPROPORIATE SWITCHES ADJUSTED BEFORE THE SYSTEM IS CALIBRATED. FIGURE 4 SHOWS THE LOCATION OF THE R/Sv SWITCH AND THE CPM/CPS SWITCH.

## INSTRUMENT OPERATION - SCALER

The Scaler mode will count each individual pulse from the probe and display the count on the LCD. The system will be activated when the MAIN SELECTOR SWITCH is placed in the Scaler position.

To start another count depress the ZERO SWITCH FOR AT LEAST 3 SECONDS. COUNTING will appear on the display and continue until the count cycle is complete. When the counting period is complete COUNT will appear indicating the cycle is complete.

If the system is adjusted to 0 seconds counting time then the system will continue to count as long as the MAIN SELECTOR SWITCH IS IN THE Scaler POSITION. Instructions on how to set the count time are in SECTION 5.

## SECTION 5

MAINTENANCE
GENERAL: The DSM-506 Digital Survey Meter has an internal GM detector and an external probe input that operates independently as CPM/CPS RATEMETER, DOSE CALIBRATED RATEMETER, SCALER WITH TIMED COUNTING FUNCTIONS. Once the input has been calibrated the only operator intervention required is to select the probe with the MAIN SELECTORS SWITCH ON THE FRONT PANEL. No external devices are required to calibrate the system except a NIST traceable radioactive source and electronic pulse generator. ALL CONTROLS NECESSARY TO CALIBRATE THE DSM-506 ARE LOCATED ON THE PC BOARDS OF THE SYSTEM.

## LOCATION AND FUNCTION OF CALIBRATION CONTROLS

GENERAL: The calibration procedure for the DSM-506 utilizes only 3 potentiometers and 2 switches to calibrate all of the DSM-506 functions. FIGURE 1 SHOWS THE GENERAL LOCATION OF THESE CONTROLS. SW4 located on the left side of the top pc board (next to SW5) selects the function to be calibrated. SW4 positions are as follows:

POSITION \#O NORMAL OPERATING POSITION
POSITION \#1 DISPLAY \& EDIT COUNT TIME 0-2550 SECONDS (10 SECOND INCREMENTS - ADJ WITH P1
POSITION \#2 DISPLAY \& EDIT OPERATIONAL ALARM (5\% - 95\%) ADJ WITH P1 COARSE - P2 FINE
POSITION \#3 DISPLAY \& EDIT OVER RANGE ALARM ADJ WITH P1 COARSE - P2
FINE
POSITION \#4 DISPLAY \& EDIT CALIBRATION CONSTANT - ADJ WITH P1 COARSE - P2 FINE - P3 TENTHS

POSITION \#5 DISPLAY \& EDIT DEAD TIME - ADJ WITH P3
POSITION \#6 DISPLAY \& EDIT HIGH VOLTAGE - MAIN SELECTOR TO \#1 PROBE - ADJ \#1 HV MAIN SELECTOR TO \#2 PROBE - ADJ \#2 HV - DISPLAY READS IN VOLTS
POSITION \#7 DISPLAYS SOFTWARE NUMBER INSTALLED IN INSTRUMENT POSITION \#8 DISPLAY \& EDIT FAST \& SLOW TC - SET TO FAST ADJ WITH P1 TO 10-250 SECONDS - SET TO SLOW ADJ WITH P1 TO 10-250 SECONDS
POSITION \#9 DISPLAY \& EDIT LCD REFRESH RATE ( $8=0.8$ SECONDS TO $30=3.0$ SECONDS ADJ WITH P1 TO DESIRED REFRESH RATE

SW5 Located beside SW4 FIGURE 2 - it is utilized to ACTIVATE \& SAVE CALIBRATION SETTINGS of the function selected by SW4 (CAL is visible in the upper center of the display when SW5 activates the calibration function) after desired settings are achieved they can be saved to the meters data base by pressing SW5 (CAL will now disappear from display).

Once a function has been selected by SW4 and activated by SW5 the potentiometers P1, P2 \& P3 are utilized to input the calibration data. Once these potentiometers have calibrated the function SW5 is depressed and the data is saved. This process is repeated for each SW4 position using the same P1, P2, \& P3 for all data input. FIGURE 3 shows the location of all the calibration components.

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## ADJUSTING THE METER FOR CPM/CPS AND R/Sv OPERATION

The switches that adjust the DSM-506 for Roentgen or Sieverts are located on the LCD pc board. To access these switches remove the DSM-500 from its housing. Looking at the bottom of the instrument with the LCD at the top the CPM/CPS switch is on the left side of the LCD pc board. The side of the board near the LCD will have CPS and CPM slide the small black switch lever towards the type operation desired.

The switch that selects Roentgen or Sieverts is on the right side of the LCD pc board located directly above the push button switch SW5. Slide the small black switch lever in the direction of the desired units of measurement ( $\mathrm{mR} / \mathrm{hr}$ or Sieverts).

This completes the adjustment of the DOSE UNITS AND COUNTING UNITS THAT WILL BE DISPLAYED ON THE LCD.

## ADJUSTING THE HV FOR EACH PROBE (FIGURE 1, 2 \& 3)

Remove the DSM-506 from its housing.
Determine if the HV that is required to operate the PROBE is correct.
Adjust the MAIN SELECTOR SWITCH TO THE RATEMETER POSITION.
Using a small screwdriver adjust SW4 to Position \#6. The number displayed will be the current HV . Adjust the \#1HV potentiometer to read the required $\mathrm{HV}( \pm 10 \mathrm{vdc})$ on the display.

Adjust SW4 to POSITION \#0.
THIS COMPLETES THE ADJUSTMENT OF THE HV FOR THE PROBE.

## DISABLING THE ALARM \& OVERANGE ALARM BEFORE CALIBRATION

To disable the OVER RANGE \& REGULAR ALARM before calibrating adjust the MAIN SELECTOR switch to RATEMETER OR Scaler depending on which alarms you want disabled.

To disable the OVER RANGE ALARM adjust SW4 to Position \#3 and depress SW5 so that "CAL" is visible on display.

Adjust P1 \& P2 until the display indicates 0 .
Depress SW5. This completes disabling the OVERRANGE ALARM.
To disable the REGULAR ALARM.
Leave the MAIN SELECTOR SWITCH at the same setting as was used to disable the OVER RANGE ALARM.

Adjust SW4 to Position \#2 and depress SW5 until the "CAL" is visible on the display.
Adjust P1 \& P2 until display indicates 0 . Depress SW5 to save the reading.

## ADJUSTING THE CALIBRATION CONSTANT FOR EACH PROBE (FIGURE 1 \& 2)

GENERAL: The CALIBRATION CONSTANT adjustment is the CALIBRATION POINT for the LOW END OF THE PROBE OPERATING RANGE. This adjustment is completed utilizing P1, P2 \& P3. P2 acts as a COURSE adjustment and P1 acts as a FINE adjustment. P3 is utilized to adjust the 0.1 part of the display these potentiometers will become active for the calibration process when SW4 is in the correct Position and SW5 is depressed. The word "CAL" on the display will be visible when SW5 has been depressed and the meter is in the CALIBRATION MODE.

CAUTION: SW5 MUST BE DEPRESSED AT THE END OF THE ADJUSTMENT OR THE DATA WILL NOT BE SAVED.

## RATEMETER CC ADJUSTMENTFOR EACH PROBE

Remove the DSM-506 from its housing.
Determine the DOSE range of the probes that will be calibrated for the RATEMETER position.
Attach Probe to the PROBE BNC input.
Adjust the MAIN SELECTOR SWITCH TO THE RATEMETER POSITION.
Adjust SW4 to the Position \#4. Depress SW5 so that "CAL" is visible on display.
NOTE: GM TYPE PROBE'S CALIBRATION CONSTANT MUST BE CALIBRATED IN A RADIATION FIELD THAT PRODUCES LESS THAN 15KCPM (APPROX. 1\% FULL SCALE) TO PREVENT INTERACTION WITH THE DEAD TIME ADJUSTMENT. SCINTILLATION TYPE PROBES CAN BE SET IN FIELDS THAT ARE SOMEWHAT HIGHER DUE TO THE LOWER DEAD TIME OF SCINTILLATION PROBES. HOWEVER SCINTILLATION PROBE SHOULD HAVE THE CC SET IN AS LOW A FIELD AS PRACTICAL.

Adjust the Dose/Count switch to the Dose POSITION.
Place the probe in a calibrated radiation field that will produce less than 15 kcpm (ABOUT 1\% OF FULL SCALE).

Adjust P1, P2 \& P3 until LCD indicates the correct radiation field.
DEPRESS SW5 ONCE UNTIL "CAL" DISPPEARS.
THIS COMPLETES THE INITIAL SETTING OF THE CALIBRATION CONSTANT.

## ADJUSTING THE DEAD TIME FOR EACH PROBE

GENERAL: The DEAD TIME adjustment is the calibration point for the HIGH END OF THE PROBE OPERATING RANGE. The adjustment is completed utilizing potentiometer P3. The DEAD TIME adjustment will become active when SW4 is adjusted to Position 5. P3 will become active when SW5 is depressed and "CAL" is displayed on the readout.

## RATEMETER DT ADJUSTMENT

Determine the full scale range for each PROBE.
Be sure MAIN SELECTOR SWITCH is still in RATEMETER position and Dose/Count switch is in the Dose POSITION.

Place the Probe in a calibrated radiation field that is $70 \%-90 \%$ of the probes HIGH operating range.

Adjust SW4 to the Position \#5. (The number that appears before depressing SW5 is the DT in micro seconds that is currently in the system). Depress SW5 "ONCE" until "CAL" is displayed on readout.

Adjust P3 until the LCD indicates the correct value for the radiation field.
Depress SW5 until "CAL" is not displayed on the readout. THIS SAVES THE DATA.
Adjust SW4 to the Position \#0 (normal operating position).

A PANCAKE PROBE (ie. HP-265) THAT HAS A NORMAL DOSE OPERATING RANGE OF 0 $200 \mathrm{mR} / \mathrm{hr}$ would be tested as follows to verify the accuracy of the overall calibration.

Range $1=20 \%$ \& $80 \%$ of $200 \mathrm{mR} / \mathrm{hr}$
Range $2=20 \%$ \& $80 \%$ of $20 \mathrm{mR} / \mathrm{hr}$
Range $3=20 \%$ \& $80 \%$ of $2 \mathrm{mR} / \mathrm{hr}$
Range $4=20 \%$ \& $80 \%$ of $0.2 \mathrm{mR} / \mathrm{hr}$
NOTE: AFTER THE CC \& DT HAVE BEEN ADJUSTED THE RANGE READINGS SHOULD BE VERIFIED TO $\pm 10 \%$ AT EACH READING CALCULATED FOR RANGE1 - RANGE 4. IF THE MEASUREMENTS ARE NOT WITHIN $\pm 10 \%$ OF THE CALCULATED CALIBRATION POINTS THE CC AND DT PROCESS WILL NEED TO BE REPEATED UNTIL THE CALIBRATION POINTS ARE WITHIN THE $\pm 10 \%$ TOLERANCE.

## ADJUSTING THE OVER RANGE ALARM

GENERAL: The OVER RANGE ALARM is utilized to make the person operating the survey meter aware that they have exceeded the normal operating limits of the survey meter and that the data is becoming inaccurate. The OVER RANGE ALARM is audible and visual. ALARM is indicated by the audio and LCD alarm pulsing approximately 1 once per second. The alarm will stop when the field at the detector returns to normal operating range. In this procedure P1 \& P2 will utilized to make the adjustments. P2 acts as a COURSE adjustment and P1 will act as a FINE adjustment.

## NOTE: PROBE DOES NOT HAVE TO BE IN RADIATION FIELD FOR THIS ADJUSTMENT

Adjust the MAIN SELECTOR switch to RATEMETER.
Adjust SW4 to the Position \#3. The number that appears will be the alarm setting that is currently established for the PROBE.

Depress SW5 (UNTIL "CAL" APPEARS) and Adjust P1 \& P2 until the LCD indicates a reading that is $10 \%-15 \%$ above the FULL SCALE range of the probe on the PROBE 1 input.

Depress SW5 until "CAL" disappears to save the data.

Adjust SW4 to the NORMAL OPERATION POSITION 0 (ZERO).
The survey meter is now ready for NORMAL OPERATION.

## ADJUSTING ALARM SETPOINTS

GENERAL: THE DSM-506 HAS AN AUDIBLE ALARM FOR EACH PROBE THAT CAN BE SET INDEPENDENTLY FOR RATEMETER DOSE, RATEMETER CPM AND SCALER. THE SAME CONTROLS SW4, SW5, P1 \& P2 ARE UTILIZED TO MAKE THESE ADJUSTMENTS. ADJUSTING THE ALARM SETPOINT TO 0 (ZERO) DISABLES THE ALARM. TO TEMPORARILY DISABLE THE AUDIBLE ALARM WHEN IT IS ALARMING DEPRESS THE ZERO SWITCH MOMENTARILY AND AUDIBLE ALARM WILL BE DISABLED. VISUAL ALARM ON LCD WILL STILL OPERATE. ALARM WILL RETURN TO NORMAL OPERATION WHEN SIGNAL FALLS BELOW SETPOINT.

## ALARM SETPOINT DOSE

Adjust the MAIN SELECTOR switch to RATEMETER.
Adjust the DOSE/COUNT switch to DOSE.
Adjust SW4 to position 2. Depress SW5 until "CAL" appears.
Adjust P2 \& P1 until the readout indicates the desired alarm setting
Depress SW5 until "CAL" disappears to save data.
Return SW4 to the \#0 (ZERO) POSITON FOR NORMAL OPERATION.

## ALARM SETPOINT CPM

Adjust the MAIN SELECTOR switch to RATEMETER.
Adjust the DOSE/COUNT switch to COUNT.
Adjust SW4 to Position \#2 Depress SW5 until "CAL" appears.
Adjust P2 \& P1 until the readout indicates the correct alarm setting.
Depress SW5 until "CAL" disappears to save data.
Return SW4 to the \#0 (ZERO) POSITON FOR NORMAL OPERATION.

## ALARM SETPOINT SCALER

## NOTE: THE DOSE/CPM SWITCH IS NOT IN SERVICE WHEN THE METER IS IN THE SCALER MODE OF OPERATION

Adjust the MAIN SELECTOR switch to SCALER.
Adjust SW4 to position 2 Depress SW5 until CAL appears.
Adjust P2 \& P1 until the readout indicates the correct alarm setting.
Depress SW5 until CAL disappears to save data.
Return SW4 to the 0 (ZERO) POSITON FOR NORMAL OPERATION.

## TIMED COUNT

GENERAL: THE DSM-506 HAS A TIMED COUNT FUNCTION FOR EACH PROBE. THE RANGE OF THE TIMED COUNT IS $0-2550$ SECONDS IN 10 SECOND INCREMENTS. THE TIMED COUNT FUNCTION IS ONLYAVAILABLE FOR EACH PROBE IN THE COUNT POSITION OF THE MAIN SELECTOR SWITCH. THE SAME CONTROLS SW4, SW5, P1 \& P2 ARE UTILIZED TO MAKE THAT ADJUSTMENTS. FOR THE TIMED COUNT FUNCTION.

## ADJUST THE COUNT TIME

Adjust the MAIN SELECTOR SWITCH TO SCALER. Adjust SW4 to position 1. This displays the counting time in seconds currently in the system.

To set the count time to change SCALER time Depress SW5 until CAL appears.
Adjust P3 until readout indicates the correct counting time in seconds.
Depress SW5 until CAL disappears to save the data.

## OPERATION IN THE TIME SCALER MODE

Adjust the MAIN SELECTOR SWITCH to the SCALERr position.
If count time is unknown adjust SW4 to the \#1 position and COUNT TIME in seconds for that probe will be displayed. (CAUTION) DO NOT DEPRESS SW5 OR TIME COULD BE CHANGED)

Return SW4 to the \#0 position and instrument is ready for normal operation.
To start a time count cycle Depress the ZERO SWITCH on the front panel FOR AT LEAST 3 SECONDS TO START COUNT CYCLE.

When the ZERO switch is depressed the timed count cycle will begin and the word "COUNTING" will appear on the display. When the cycle is complete the "COUNTING" will disappear and the word "COUNT" will appear. This indicates the count cycle has been completed.

The total counts will remain on the display until the ZERO switch is depressed for at least 3 seconds or the instrument is turned OFF.

If the instrument remains ON a NEW count cycle can be started by DEPRESSING THE ZERO SWITCH on the front panel for at least 3 seconds.


FIGURE 1
DSM-506 FRONT PANEL CONTROLS
\& LOCATION OF MAJOR CAL CONTROLS


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FIGURE 2
DSM-506 FRONT PANEL CONTROLS
P/N 12303 REV 6


FIGURE 3
DSM-506 POWER SUPPLY AND MAJOR COMPONENTS
P/N 12291-1 REV 1
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FIGURE 4

## SECTION 6

## TECHNICAL THEORY OF OPERATION

## GENERAL THEORY

The DSM-506 utilizes the latest field proven, microprocessor circuitry to operate all of the GM and scintillation probes manufactured by Johnson. The instrument can function as a regular ratemeter without dead time compensation, regular ratemeter with dead time compensation, scaler with counting times from $10-2550$ seconds in 10 second increments. The system changes ranges automatically and has separate non interacting controls for dose and dead time compensated cpm or cps calibration for each input. Other adjustments with internal controls are: HV, COUNT TIME, LCD REFRESH RATE, FAST TC \& SLOW TIME CONSTANT. Operation in either the counts/minute or dose mode for each probe is switch selectable from the front panel. The electronic circuitry is located on 2 heavy duty industrial type printed circuit boards that are directly interconnected to improve reliability and durability. All of the internal power is provided by a highly regulated $-5 \mathrm{vdc} \&+5 \mathrm{vdc}( \pm 0.5 \%)$ low temperature coefficient power supplies. A separate high stability higher voltage power supply is provided FOR EACH PROBE with a low temperature coefficient provides $300-1500 \mathrm{vdc}( \pm 1 \%)$ to operate probes with different HV requirements. A OVER RANGE ALARM is available for each probe that produces a beeping audible alarm when the usable range of the probe has been exceeded. Diagnostic circuitry constantly monitors the power supply, high voltage supply and GM detector and indicates out of tolerance operation by indicators on the LCD or by audible alert. The External probe is connected to the main electronics housing by a high quality coaxial cable with quick disconnect BNC connectors.

## DETECTOR SIGNAL - DIAGNOSTICS - CALIBRATION CONTROLS

A microprocessor meter operates much differently than an analog type meter. Most of the functions i.e. dead time correction, diagnostics etc. are provided by the microprocessor programming (software). The DSM-506 contains two micro-processors. One processor controls and manipulates the data from the probes and provides the HV and calibration support. The 2nd processor on the DISPLAY pc board controls the data to the display and provides the RS-232 signal to the "DATA OUTPUT CONNECTOR". Switch SW4 is an internal switch on the CPU that controls the CALIBRATION FUNCTIONS of the DSM-506. SW5 is a push button switch located by SW4 that is used to activate the calibration procedure selected and save the settings of the potentiometers utilized to calibrate each particular function. FIGURE 1\& 2 shows SW4 and SW5 and their position on the CPU pc board. Calibration of the ALL THE PARAMETERS IN THE SYSTEM is completed by utilizing SW4, SW5, P1, P2 \& P3. SW4 is utilized to select the function that will be calibrated or set and P1, P2, \& P3 are utilized to adjust the parameters. When a particular function has been set (calibrated) to the desired levels SW5 is depressed to save the readings on P1, P2 \& P3. Each position on SW4 represents a function or parameter that is being adjusted. As a result of this system the potentiometers P1, P2 \& P3 are utilized over and over again to adjust the parameters. When the calibration procedure has been completed SW4 IS ADJUSTED TO "0" ZERO POSITION FOR NORMAL OPERATION. FIGURE 2 SHOWS THE LOCATION OF SW4, SW5, P1, P2 \& P3. FIGURE 3 SHOWS THE COMPONENT LAYOUT OF THE POWER SUPPLY PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD AND THE LOCATION OF THE MAJOR COMPONENTS.

## HIGH AND LOW VOLTAGE POWER SUPPLIES

Six "AA" size batteries provide the LOW VOLTAGE power for all of the DSM-506 circuitry. The batteries are connected to a positive power regulator on the POWER SUPPLY pc board designated E1. E1 converts the 9 vdc to a very stable +5 vdc . The output of $\mathrm{E} 1(+5 \mathrm{vdc})$ is connected to the circuitry requiring +5 vdc and the negative 5 vdc regulator U 2 . The output of $\mathrm{U} 2(-5 \mathrm{vdc})$ is connected to the circuitry requiring -5 vdc . Both power regulators (E1 \& U2) have very good regulation $\pm .5 \%$ and a low temperature coefficient. The HIGH VOLTAGE supply is comprised of a special high efficiency transformer with a feedback winding and oscillator circuitry to generate a low ripple, stable high voltage. The output of the transformer T1 is connected to a voltage doubler circuit comprised of D1-D4 \& C3-C7. The output of the doublers circuit is filtered in a pi type filter and connected to the PROBE BNC through R1. R1 is also the load resistor for the detector circuit. The HV oscillator circuit through R4 constantly monitors the high voltage. R4 provides U1 a low voltage signal that represents the high voltage. Any change in the high voltage will result in an appropriate increase or decrease in the power Q1 \& Q2 provide the high voltage transformer. This "feedback" is utilized to regulate the high voltage to approximately $\pm 1 \%$. The power supply is designed with two high voltage outputs that can be independently adjusted between 300-1300 vdc. Figure 3 show the power supply pc board's major components and calibration controls

## SECTION 7

## PARTS LIST

### 7.0 PARTS LIST

7.1 DSM-506 LCD PC BOARD -- P/N 12472
JOHNSON P/N DESCRIPTION REFERENCE RUNTITY

| 12923-1 | LCD DRIVE BRD REV-1 |  | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 116200 | I.C 4Kb FRAM SERIAL MEMORY |  | 1 |
| 116199 | I.C. 80 PIN FLASH MICRO CONTROLLER |  | 1 |
| 105291 | SWITCH ON-OFF-ON | SW1 | 1 |
| 107424 | SWITCH TOGGLE | SW2 | 1 |
| 107591 | TERMINAL STRIP 50 PIN | J7 | 6 |
| 108119 | RESISTOR 100 OHM - 5\% | R30,31 | 2 |
| 108392 | RESISTOR 10 OHM - 5\% | R29 | 1 |
| 109162 | CAP. 10 PF-50 V | C4, 5 | 2 |
| 109413 | CAP. 100PF - 50 V | C11 | 1 |
| 110197 | RESISTOR 47K 5\% | R1 | 1 |
| 110199 | RESISTOR 10K 5\% | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R} 9,11,12,13 \\ & \mathrm{R} 14,15 \end{aligned}$ | 6 |
| 110201 | RESISTOR 1K 5\% | R7 | 1 |
| 110202 | CAP 0.1 MF 16 V 10\% | C1,6,7,8,9,13 C14,15,18,20 C21,22,23,27 | 14 |
| 110226 | CAP 47 MF 20V 10\% | C26 | 1 |
| 110387 | JUMPER 0 OHM | R10 | 1 |
| 110653 | RESISTOR 100 OHM 5\% | R33 | 1 |
| 110754 | RESISTOR 100K 5\% | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R2,3,4,5,6,21 } \\ & \text { R22,23,24,25 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | R26,27,28,32 | 14 |
| 111143 | TERM STRIP 50 PIN | J2 | 10 |
| 112729 | TRANS. 60V 500ma | Q1 | 1 |
| 114115 | FERRITE CHIP 2.5 A-120 OHM | FB2, FB3 | 2 |
| 114206 | CRYSTAL 10 MHZ (SMT) | X1 | 1 |
| 114293 | SLIDE SWITCH | SW3,SW4 | 2 |
| 114939 | DUAL SCHOTTKY DIODE 30V | D1 | 1 |
| 116001 | CAP 2.2 $\mu \mathrm{F}$ 25V 10\% | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C2,3,10,12,19 } \\ & \text { C24,25 } \end{aligned}$ | 7 |
| 116014 | HEADER MALE PIN3 POS | J11 | 1 |
| 116020 | I.C.OP AMP AD8628 | U4 | 1 |
| 116196 | LCD DISPLAY JOHNSON | LCD | 1 |
| 116197 | TERM STRIP LOW PROF. 50 PIN |  | 33 |
| 116198 | I.C. 3V - 5.5 RS-232 DRIVER/REC | U2 | 1 |

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### 7.1 DSM-506 LOGIC BOARD -- P/N 12472

JOHNSON P/N

DESCRIPTION

REFERENCE

QUANTITY
REQUIRED

| 105291 | SWITCH ON-OFF-ON | SW1 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 107424 | SWITCH TOGGLE | SW2 | 1 |
| 108433 | 6-32 X 5/8" STANDOFF SWAGE |  | 2 |
| 113013 | RF CONN GOLD CONTACT | PROBE 1,2 | 2 |
| 100201 | RESISTOR 2K 5\% | R28 | 1 |
| 100234 | RESISTOR 2.2K 5\% | R6,R76 | 2 |
| 100242 | CAP .01MF 50 V 20\% | C32,41 | 2 |
| 100703 | RESISTOR 20K 5\% | R17 | 1 |
| 100711 | RESISTOR 15K 5\% | R13 | 1 |
| 101278 | SWITCH RIGHT ANGLE PUSH BUTTON | SW5 | 1 |
| 103742 | SWITCH 2 POL 6 POS | SW3 | 1 |
| 105462 | SPACER \#5 X 3/16" |  | 2 |
| 107479 | SWITCH RIGHT ANGLE BCD | SW4 | 1 |
| 108030 | I.C ON TIME PROG 8 BIT | U1 | 1 |
| 108117 | RESISTOR 10K 5\% | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R1,14,15,16,20,21,24 } \\ & \text { R26,47,59,60 } \end{aligned}$ | 11 |
| 108118 | RESISTOR 4.7K 5\% | R23 | 1 |
| 108119 | RESISTOR 100 OHM 5\% | R50 | 1 |
| 108123 | DIODE 100V | D2,3,12,13 | 4 |
| 108128 | CAP .22MF 50V 10\% | C7 | 1 |
| 108217 | RESISTOR 220K 5\% | R4 | 1 |
| 108349 | RESISTOR 1K 5\% | R29,52,53,54 | 4 |
| 108350 | RESISTOR 1MEG 5\% | R22,31,33,55,56,58 | 6 |
| 108358 | CAP 0.1 MF 50 V 20\% | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C1,3,5,8,14,15,16,17, } \\ & \text { C20,23,24,25,26,27,28, } \\ & \text { C29,30,31,33,34,35,36 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | C37,38,39,40,42 | 27 |
| 108385 | CAP 10MF 25V 10\% | C9,10,11,19 | 4 |
| 108433 | 6-32X5/8 SWAG STANDOFF |  | 2 |
| 108661 | TRAN BIPOLAR NPN 40V | Q1,2,3 | 3 |
| 108667 | CAP 1MF 16V 10\% | C4,6 | 2 |
| 108791 | RESISTOR 82K 5\% | R2 | 1 |
| 108793 | RESISTOR 56 OHM | R19 | 1 |
| 108847 | ECONORESET | U4 | 1 |
| 108865 | DUAL DIODE | D7 | 1 |
| 109127 | RESISTOR 560K 5\% | R18 | 1 |
| 109134 | LP339M I.C. | U7 | 1 |
| 109150 | RESISTOR 1.6K 5\% | R6,7,8,9,10,11 | 6 |
| 109156 | I.C | U3 | 1 |
| 109262 | RESISTOR 10 MEG 5\% | R27 | 1 |
| 109263 | CAP 22PF 50 V 5\% | C21,22,25 | 3 |
| 109641 | CAP 470 PF 16 V 10\% | C18 | 1 |
| 109930 | 52 PIN SOCKET | U1 | 1 |
| 110162 | FERRITE 1000 OHM 400ma | FB1,FB2 | 2 |
| 110634 | RESISTOR 91K 5\% | R64 | 1 |
| 111037 | CAP 100PF 1KV 10\% | C12A | 1 |
| 111888 | DIODE SCHOTTKY 30V 30 ma | D1,4,6,7,8, | 5 |
| 112341 | RESISTOR 249K 1\% | R25,51 | 2 |
| 112426 | RESISTOR 120 OHM 5\% | R57 | 1 |
| 112452 | SOCKET 10 PIN | J3 | 1 |

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7.1 DSM-506 LOGIC BOARD -- P/N 12472

| JOHNSON P/N | DESCRIPTION | REFERENCE | QUANTITY REQUIRED |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ********************* | ****************************************** | *************************** | ************ |
| 112948 | 2.5 X2MM RED LIGHT | LED 1,2,3,4,5,6 | 6 |
| 112995 | JUMPER O OHMS | J3 | 1 |
| 112997 | TEST POINTS | TP1,2,3,4,5, | 5 |
| 113013 | RF CONN GOLD CONTACT | PROBE 1 | 1 |
| 114058 | I.C. 3 mhz OP AMP | U6 | 1 |
| 114074 | RECTIFIER 12V 4.3 AMP | Q4 | 1 |
| 114185 | 2 FORM C 5 V 2 COIL LATCH RELAY | RY1 | 1 |
| 114186 | $8 \mathrm{mhz} \mathrm{18PF}$ FUND | Y1 | 1 |
| 114187 | 10 PIN CONNECTOR | J2 | 1 |
| 114188 | 4 PIN CONNECTOR | J1 | 1 |
| 114189 | 15 V BUZZER 3kc | SPK 1 | 1 |
| 113191 | 2K POT 1 TURN | P8 | 1 |
| 115253 | DIODE SCHOTTKY | D10 | 1 |
| 116203 | 1K POT 1TURN | P10 | 1 |
| 116278 | 50K 12TURN POT | P1,2,3,4,5,6 | 6 |
| 12929-1 | PC BOARD W/LCD SUP |  | 1 |
| 9021-3 | SPEAKER GASKET DIE \#518 |  | 1 |
| 9077-4 | ROTARY SWITCH MOD 103742 |  | 1 |
| 7.2 DSM-506 POWER SUPPLY BOARD -- P/N 12291 |  |  |  |
| JOHNSON P/N | DESCRIPTION | REFERENCE | QUANTITY REQUIRED |
|  |  |  |  |
| 100231 | 1K 1/8W 1206 PKG | R43 | 1 |
| 100242 | 0.01MF 50V 1206 PKG | C13 | 1 |
| 100703 | 20K 1/8W 1206 PKG | R46 | 1 |
| 102804 | 4-40 KEPNUT | B1, 2 | 4 |
| 104539 | W/MTG STRAP TRANSFORMER | T1 | 1 |
| 106712 | 4-40X 2/8 UNDERCUT | B1, 2 | 4 |
| 108117 | 10K 1/8W 1206 PKG | R16, 19, 20 | 3 |
| 108118 | 4.7 1/8W 1206 PKG | R11 | 1 |
| 108123 | 100 VDC 200 MW DIODE | D5, 7 | 2 |
| 108303 | 3AA PC MOUNT BL. BAT. HOLDER | B1, 2 | 2 |
| 108349 | 1K 1/8 1206 PKG | R4, 21 | 2 |
| 108350 | 1M 1/8W 1206 PKG | R8 | 1 |
| 108353 | 1.5K 1/8W 1206 PKG | R9 | 1 |
| 108358 | 0.150 V 1206 P | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C8, 11, 12, 14, 18, } \\ & \text { 22, 23, 25-27 } \end{aligned}$ | 10 |
| 108661 | NPN 40V SOT-23 | Q2 | 1 |
| 108667 | 1MF 16V 1206 PKG | C24 | 1 |
| 108829 | 47K 1/8W 1206 PKG | R18 | 1 |
| 109011 | SOT-23 60V 150A PNP BIPOLAR | Q1 | 1 |
| 109133 | 5V REGULATOR | E1 | 1 |
| 109156 | MC33172D I.C. | U1, 3 | 2 |
| 109163 | 110K 1/8W 1206 PKG | R 6, 14 | 2 |
| 109641 | 470MF 16V | C15 | 1 |
| 109896 | 2.4K 1/8 W 1206 | R12 | 1 |
| 110481 | 1MF 50 V 6032 PKG TANT. | C10 | 1 |
| 110656 | 10MF 16V 3528 PKG. TANT | C9, 17, 19 | 3 |
| 110761 | 1A 600 V RECTIFIER DIODE | D1-4 | 4 |
| 110824 | 200 OHM 1/8 1206 PKG | R22 | 1 |
| 111128 | 100 MF 20V 7343 PKG ROHS COMP | C16 | 1 |
| 111180 | 1M ½ W 2010 PKG | R1-3 | 3 |

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112074
112118 112298 112341 112695 112995 112997 113143 114190 114193 114194 114220 114737

CMOS VOLTAGE CONVERTER U2 100PF 3000V 1808 PKG C 0.027 MF 2KV 2225 PKG 249K 1/8 1206 PKG
0.001MF 1KV 1808 PKG. 0 OHM JUMPER 1206 PKG MINIATURE TEST POINTS 2.7M 1/8 W 1206 PKG. 50K 4MM SQ. SINGLE TURN TRIMMING 10 PIN .25" SQ SINGLE SOCKET 4 PIN .025" SQ SINGLE SOCKET 22M 1/10W 0805 PKG MUX/DMUX TRI 2CH ANLG. 16 SOTC 1.C.

U2
C1 1
C2, 3, 20, $21 \quad 4$
R13 1
C4-7 4
R44 1
TPG1, 2 TP 1-4 6
R45, 47 2
R7, 15, $17 \quad 3$
J2 1
J1 1
R23-42 20
U4

1

## SECTION 8

## SCHEMATICS

CPU BOARD


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LCD BOARD


Page 8-2

POWER SUPPLY BOARD


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